CNN applications

Samuel Cheng (Slide credits: Fei-Fei Li, Andrej Karpathy, Justin Johnson, Serena Yeung)

School of ECE University of Oklahoma

Spring, 2017

- We will look into several applications of CNNs besides image recognition
 - Semantic segmentation
 - Object localization
 - Object detection
 - Instance segmentation

So far: Image Classification



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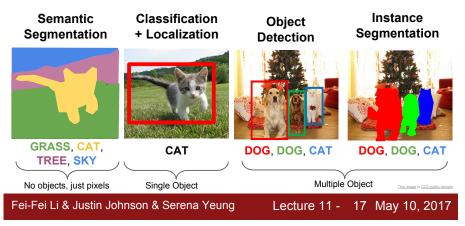
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Other Computer Vision Tasks

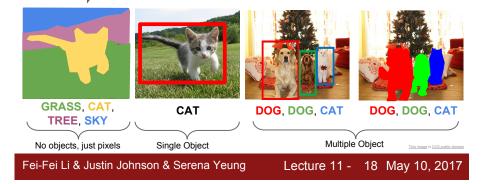


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Semantic Segmentation



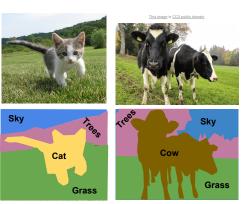
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Semantic Segmentation

Label each pixel in the image with a category label

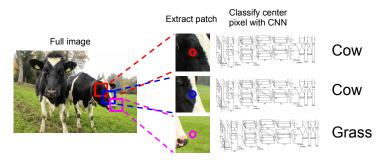
Don't differentiate instances, only care about pixels



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Semantic Segmentation Idea: Sliding Window

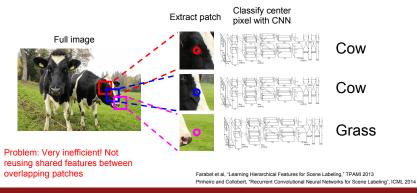


Farabet et al, "Learning Hierarchical Features for Scene Labeling," TPAMI 2013 Pinheiro and Collobert, "Recurrent Convolutional Neural Networks for Scene Labeling", ICML 2014

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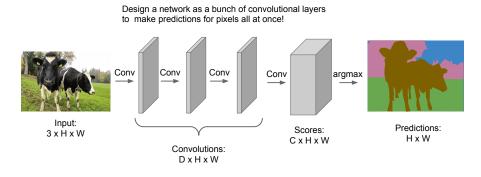
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Semantic Segmentation Idea: Sliding Window



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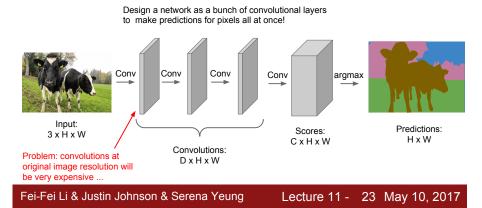
Lecture 11 - 21 May 10, 2017



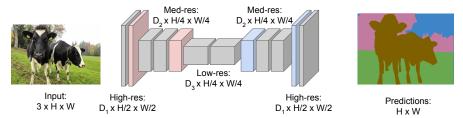
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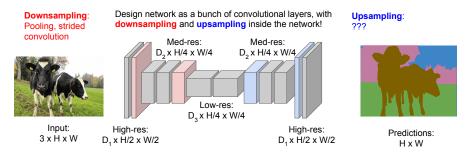
Design network as a bunch of convolutional layers, with downsampling and upsampling inside the network!



Long, Shelhamer, and Darrell, "Fully Convolutional Networks for Semantic Segmentation", CVPR 2015 Noh et al, "Learning Deconvolution Network for Semantic Segmentation", ICCV 2015

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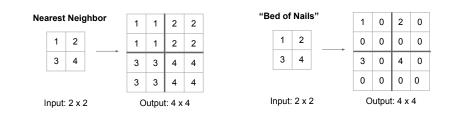


Long, Shelhamer, and Darrell, "Fully Convolutional Networks for Semantic Segmentation", CVPR 2015 Noh et al, "Learning Deconvolution Network for Semantic Segmentation", ICCV 2015

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Lecture 11 - 25 May 10, 2017

In-Network upsampling: "Unpooling"



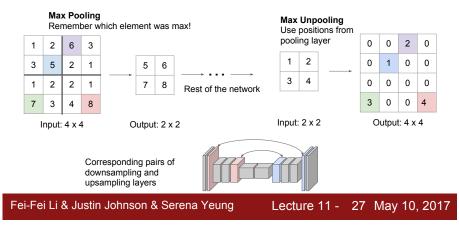
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In-Network upsampling: "Max Unpooling"



Recall: Typical 3 x 3 convolution, stride 1 pad 1



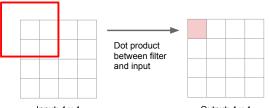






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Recall: Normal 3 x 3 convolution, stride 1 pad 1



Input: 4 x 4

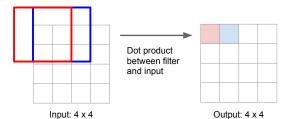
Output: 4 x 4

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Recall: Normal 3 x 3 convolution, stride 1 pad 1



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Recall: Normal 3 x 3 convolution, stride 2 pad 1

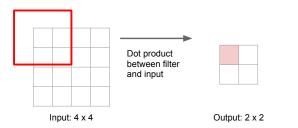


Input: 4 x 4



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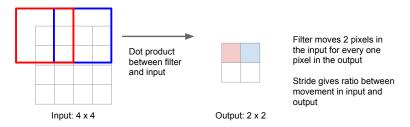
Recall: Normal 3 x 3 convolution, stride 2 pad 1



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Recall: Normal 3 x 3 convolution, stride 2 pad 1



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3 x 3 transpose convolution, stride 2 pad 1







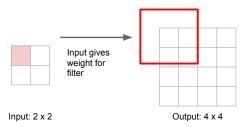
Output: 4 x 4

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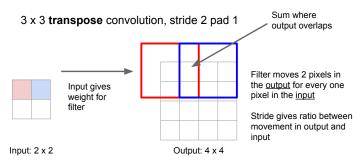
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3 x 3 transpose convolution, stride 2 pad 1



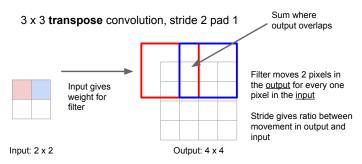
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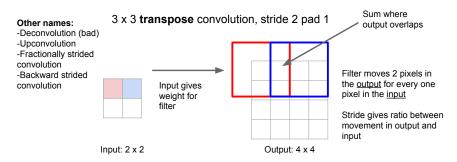


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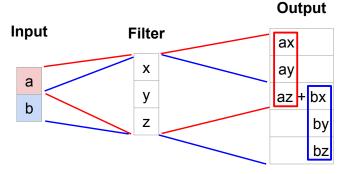
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Transpose Convolution: 1D Example

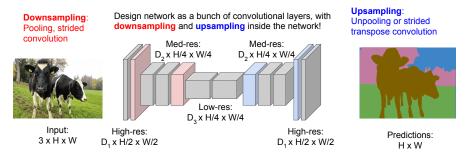


Output contains copies of the filter weighted by the input, summing at where at overlaps in the output

Need to crop one pixel from output to make output exactly 2x input

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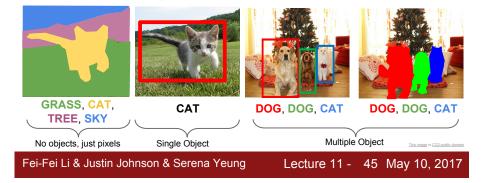


Long, Shelhamer, and Darrell, "Fully Convolutional Networks for Semantic Segmentation", CVPR 2015 Noh et al, "Learning Deconvolution Network for Semantic Segmentation", ICCV 2015

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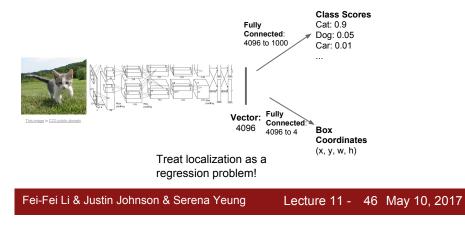
Classification + Localization



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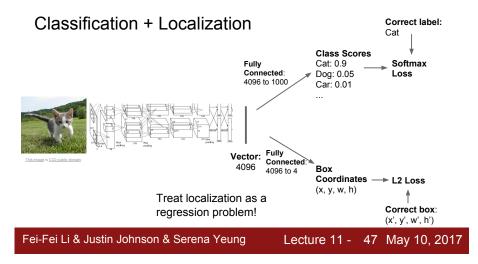
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Classification + Localization



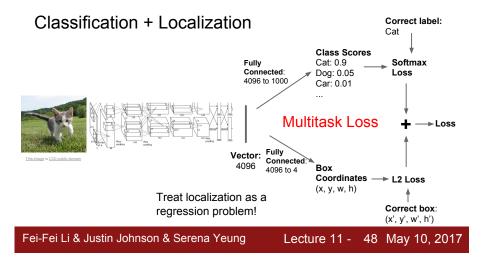
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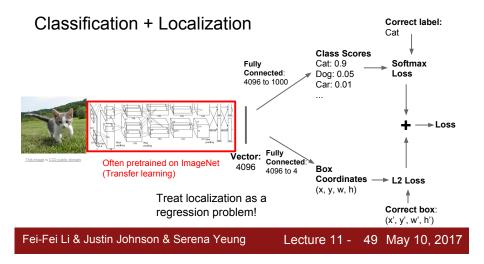
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Aside: Human Pose Estimation



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Represent pose as a set of 14 joint positions:

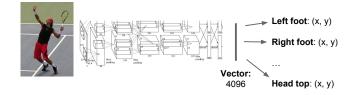
Left / right foot Left / right knee Left / right hip Left / right shoulder Left / right elbow Left / right hand Neck Head top

Johnson and Everingham, "Clustered Pose and Nonlinear Appearance Models for Human Pose Estimation", BMVC 2010

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Aside: Human Pose Estimation



Toshev and Szegedy, "DeepPose: Human Pose Estimation via Deep Neural Networks", CVPR 2014

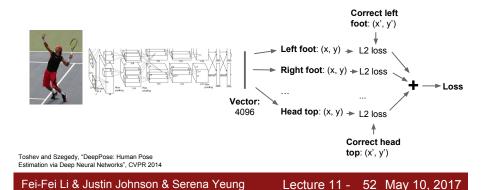
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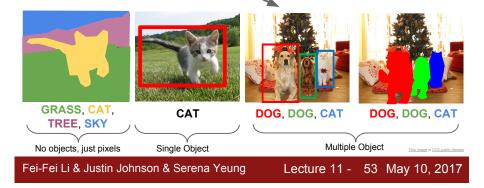
Aside: Human Pose Estimation



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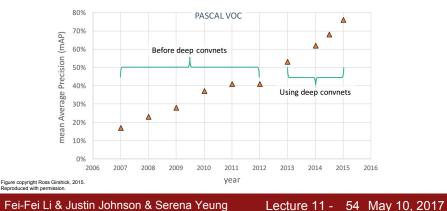
Object Detection .



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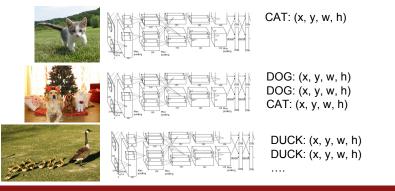
Object Detection: Impact of Deep Learning



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Object Detection as Regression?

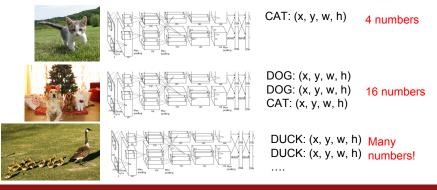


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Object Detection as Regression?

Each image needs a different number of outputs!

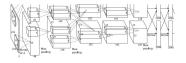


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Apply a CNN to many different crops of the image, CNN classifies each crop as object or background



Dog? NO Cat? NO Background? YES

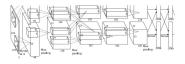
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Apply a CNN to many different crops of the image, CNN classifies each crop as object or background



Dog? YES Cat? NO Background? NO

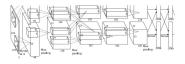
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Apply a CNN to many different crops of the image, CNN classifies each crop as object or background



Dog? YES Cat? NO Background? NO

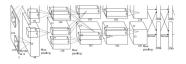
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Apply a CNN to many different crops of the image, CNN classifies each crop as object or background



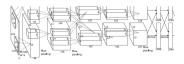
Dog? NO Cat? YES Background? NO

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Apply a CNN to many different crops of the image, CNN classifies each crop as object or background



Dog? NO Cat? YES Background? NO

Problem: Need to apply CNN to huge number of locations and scales, very computationally expensive!

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Region Proposals

- Find "blobby" image regions that are likely to contain objects
- Relatively fast to run; e.g. Selective Search gives 1000 region proposals in a few seconds on CPU



Alexe et al, "Measuring the objectness of image windows", TPAMI 2012 Uijings et al, "Selective Search for Object Recognition", UCV 2013 Cheng et al, "BING: Binarized normed gradients for objectness estimation at 300fps", CVPR 2014 Zinrick and Dollar, "Edge boxes: Locating object proposals from edges", ECCV 2014

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Girshick et al, "Rich feature hierarchies for accurate object detection and semantic segmentation", CVPR 2014. Figure copyright Ross Girshick, 2015; <u>source</u>, Reproduced with permission.

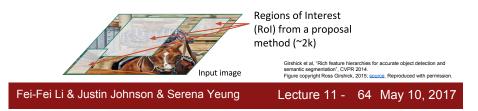
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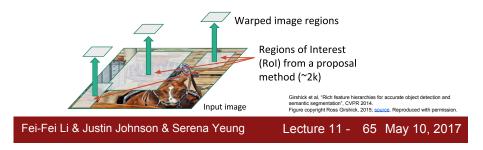
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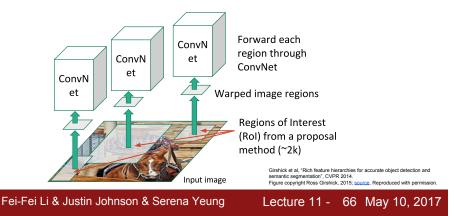
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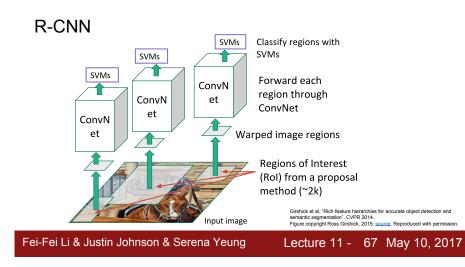




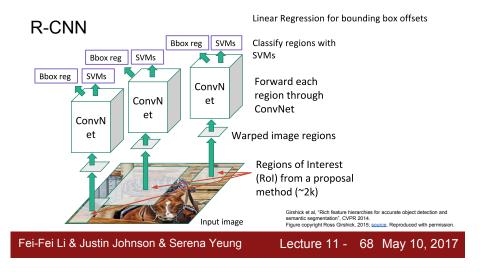


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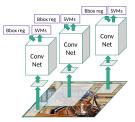
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R-CNN: Problems

- Ad hoc training objectives
 - · Fine-tune network with softmax classifier (log loss)
 - Train post-hoc linear SVMs (hinge loss)
 - Train post-hoc bounding-box regressions (least squares)
- Training is slow (84h), takes a lot of disk space
- · Inference (detection) is slow
 - 47s / image with VGG16 [Simonyan & Zisserman. ICLR15]
 - Fixed by SPP-net [He et al. ECCV14]



Girshick et al., "Rich feature hierarchies for accurate object detection and semantic segmentation", CVPR 2014. Silde copyright Ross Girshick, 2015; <u>source</u>. Reproduced with permission.

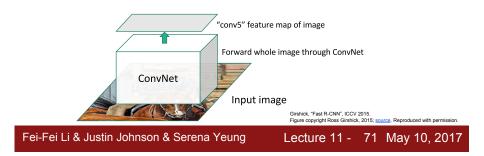
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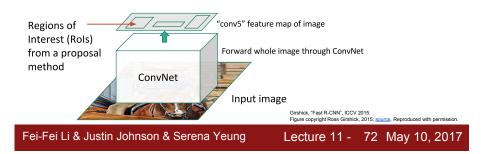
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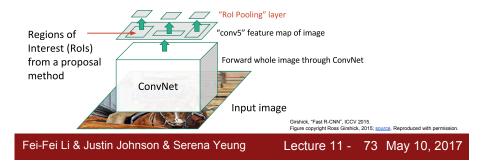
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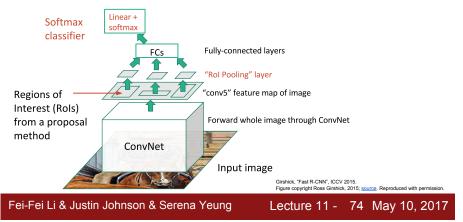
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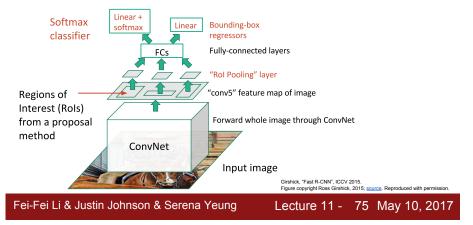
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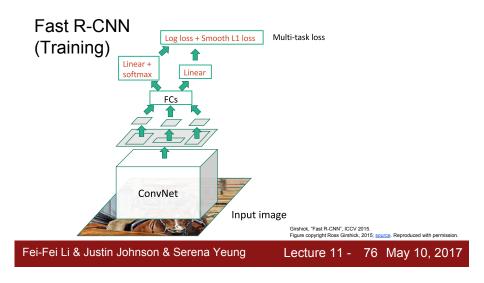
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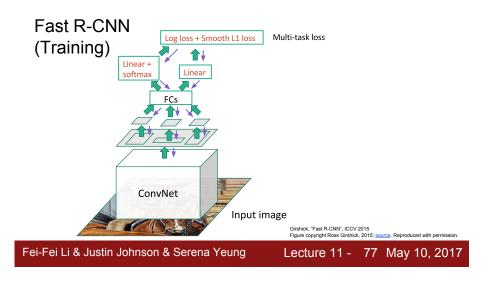
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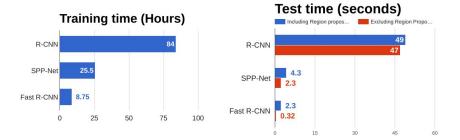
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R-CNN vs SPP vs Fast R-CNN

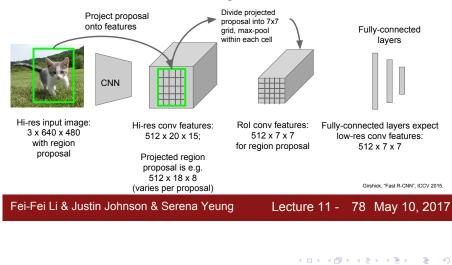


Girshick et al, "Rich feature hierarchies for accurate object detection and semantic segmentation", CVPR 2014. He et al, "Spatial pyramid pooling indeep convolutional networks for visual recognition", ECCV 2014 Girshick, "Fast R-CNN", ICCV 2015

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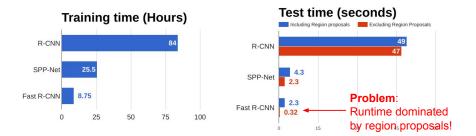
Faster R-CNN: Rol Pooling



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R-CNN vs SPP vs Fast R-CNN



Girshick et al, "Rich feature hierarchies for accurate object detection and semantic segmentation", CVPR 2014. He et al, "Spatial pyramid pooling indeep convolutional networks for visual recognition", ECCV 2014 Girshick, "Fast R-CNN", ICCV 2015

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Faster R-CNN:

Make CNN do proposals!

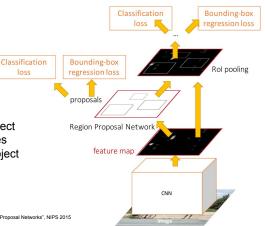
Insert Region Proposal Network (RPN) to predict proposals from features

Jointly train with 4 losses:

- 1. RPN classify object / not object
- 2. RPN regress box coordinates
- 3. Final classification score (object classes)
- 4. Final box coordinates

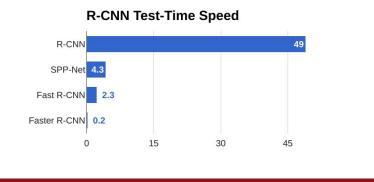
Ren et al, "Faster R-CNN: Towards Real-Time Object Detection with Region Proposal Networks", NIPS 2015 Figure copyright 2015, Ross Girshick; reproduced with permission

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Fast<u>er</u> R-CNN: Make CNN do proposals!

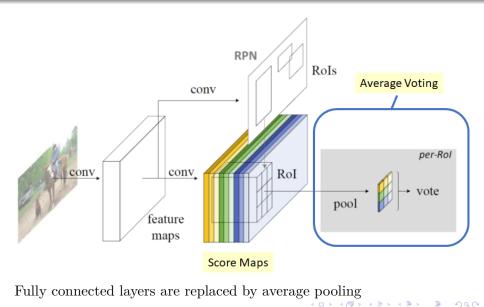


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Region-based fully convolutional network (R-FCN)

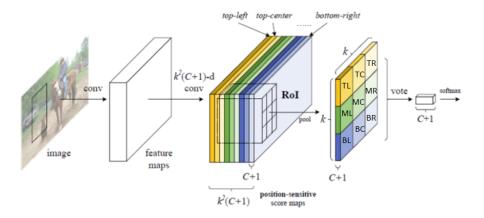


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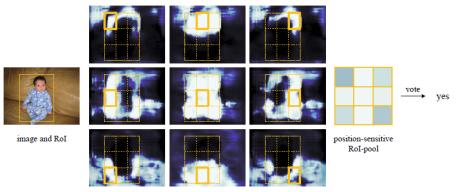
Region-based fully convolutional network (R-FCN)



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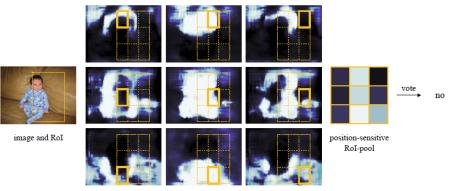
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Region-based fully convolutional network (R-FCN)



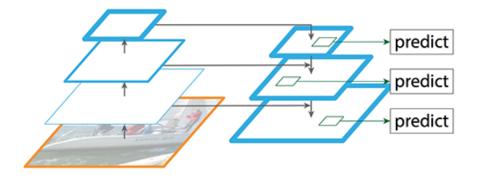
position-sensitive score maps

Region-based fully convolutional network (R-FCN)

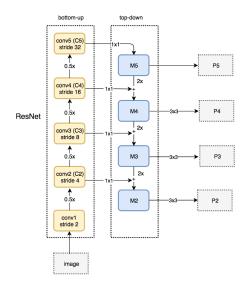


position-sensitive score maps

Feature pyramid network (FPN)



Feature pyramid network (FPN)



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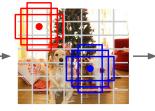
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Detection without Proposals: YOLO / SSD



Input image 3 x H x W

Redmon et al, "You Only Look Once: Unified, Real-Time Object Detection", CVPR 2016 Liu et al, "SSD: Single-Shot MultiBox Detector", ECCV 2016



Divide image into grid 7 x 7

Image a set of **base boxes** centered at each grid cell Here B = 3 Within each grid cell:

- Regress from each of the B base boxes to a final box with 5 numbers:
 - (dx, dy, dh, dw, confidence)
- Predict scores for each of C classes (including background as a class)

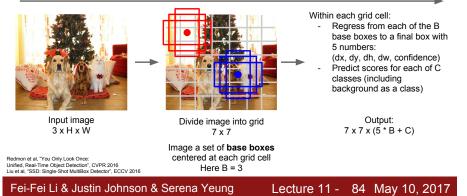
Output: 7 x 7 x (5 * B + C)

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Detection without Proposals: YOLO / SSD

Go from input image to tensor of scores with one big convolutional network!



Object Detection: Lots of variables ...

Base Network VGG16 ResNet-101 Inception V2 Inception V3	Object Detection architecture Faster R-CNN R-FCN SSD	Takeav Faster I slower accurat
Inception ResNet MobileNet	Image Size # Region Proposals	SSD is faster b accurat

Takeaways Faster R-CNN is slower but more accurate

SSD is much faster but not as accurate

Huang et al, "Speed/accuracy trade-offs for modern convolutional object detectors", CVPR 2017

R-FCN: Dai et al. "R-FCN: Object Detection via Region-based Fully Convolutional Networks", NIPS 2016 Inception-V2: Ioffe and Szegedy. "Batch Normalization: Accelerating Deep Network: Training by Reducing Internal Covariate Shift", ICML 2015 Inception V3: Szegedy et al. "Retelhniking the Inception Architecture for Computer Vision", arXiv 2016 Inception ResNet: Szegedy et al. "Inception-V4, Inception-ResNet and the Impact of Residual Connections on Learning", arXiv 2016 MobileNet: Howard et al. "Efficient Convolutional Neural Networks for Mobile Vision Applications", arXiv 2017

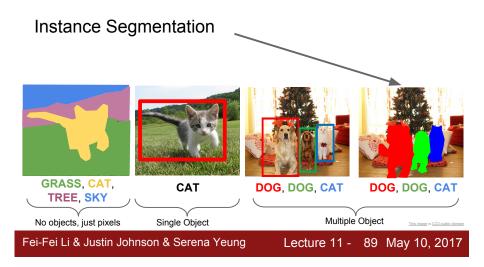
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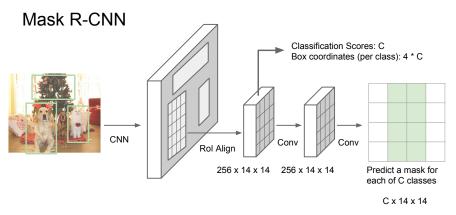
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He et al, "Mask R-CNN", arXiv 2017

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Mask R-CNN: Very Good Results!



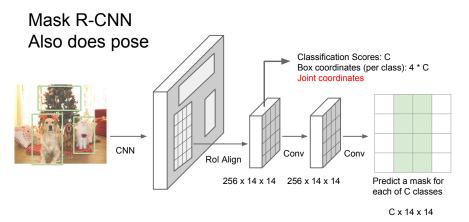
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Mask R-CNN Also does pose



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